

Important

Tell your healthcare provider if you experience any side effects, such as nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, or skin rashes, or if you believe you may have acquired a sexually transmitted infection (STI).

DoxyPEP reduces the risk of syphilis, gonorrhea, and chlamydia, but these infections can still occur. You should undergo routine STI and HIV testing.

DoxyPEP does not prevent Mpox, HIV, or other viral infections.

Continue using condoms

Correct and consistent condom use reduces the risk of STI and HIV transmission. Remember to use a new condom for each sexual act (oral, vaginal, and anal).



Access this digital version and other downloadable educational resources.

Ponce:
787-284-5884

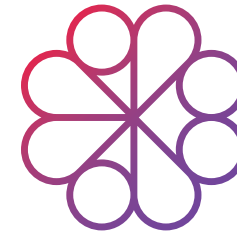
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REMINDER: This publication is for informational purposes only. It does not contain medical advice, diagnosis, or treatment.



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DoxyPEP

What is DoxyPEP?

Doxycycline post-exposure prophylaxis consists of taking the antibiotic Doxycycline **after having condomless oral, vaginal, or anal sex.**

DoxyPEP has been shown to be effective in preventing bacterial sexually transmitted infections, such as **chlamydia, syphilis, and gonorrhea.** Talk to your doctor to determine whether this treatment is right for you.

Doxycycline is a medication in the tetracycline class used to treat bacterial infections. You should not take doxycycline if you are allergic to any tetracycline antibiotic.



When should you take DoxyPEP?

It is recommended to take two 100 mg doxycycline tablets within 24 hours, and no later than 72 hours, after condomless oral, anal, or vaginal sex.

What happens when you have condomless sex again?

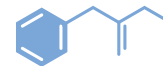
If you have condomless sex within 24 hours after taking doxycycline, you may take another dose once 24 hours have passed since your last dose. Do not take more than 200 mg (two 100 mg tablets) in a 24-hour period.



How should you take DoxyPEP?



- Take doxycycline with plenty of water. Take it with food if it upsets your stomach.



- Avoid dairy products, calcium, antacids, or multivitamins while taking this medication.



- Use sunscreen, as your skin may become more sensitive to sunlight while taking antibiotics.



- You should take the full prescribed dose; do not share the medication with others.